## **Subject Description Form**

Subject Code	EIE566				
Subject Title	Wireless Communications				
Credit Value	3				
Level	5				
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Exclusion: EIE579				
Objectives	<ol> <li>To introduce the fundamental issues, concepts, and design principles in cellular and wireless communications.</li> <li>To model how various channel-fading phenomena degrades a transmitted wireless signal.</li> <li>To introduce various techniques to mitigate various channel impairments.</li> </ol>				
Intended Learning Outcomes	<ul> <li>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:</li> <li><u>Category A: Professional/academic knowledge and skills</u></li> <li>a. Understand and describe the physical-layer features of wireless communication systems and their potential applications to Internet of things.</li> <li>b. Understand the frequency-reuse concept in cellular communications, and to analyze its effects on interference and system capacity.</li> <li>c. Understand large-scale and small-scale fading-channel models, and to analyze their influence on the performance of a wireless communication system.</li> <li><u>Category B: Attributes for all-roundedness</u></li> <li>d. Communicate effectively.</li> <li>e. Think critically and creatively.</li> <li>f. Assimilate new technological development in related field.</li> </ul>				
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<ol> <li>Cellular communication systems         <ul> <li>Cellular structure, frequency reuse, cell splitting, Channel assignment. Co-channel             interference, adjacent-channel interference, system capacity, power control, call handoffs.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Macroscopic fading models for radiowave propagation         <ul> <li>Free-space radio-wave propagation. Reflection, diffraction, and scattering. Various pathloss models such as ground-reflection, log-distance, lognormal.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Microscopic fading models for radiowave propagation         <ul> <li>Rician and Rayleigh fading models. Doppler frequency, delay spread, coherence bandwidth. Characterization of multipath phenomena. Fading effects due to multi-path time delay spread. Fading effects due to Doppler spread.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Digital modulation schemes, multiplexing and multiple access schemes         <ul> <li>Analog versus digital modulations. Phase shift keying (BPSK), frequency shift keying (FSK), amplitude shift keying (ASK), quadrature amplitude modulation (QAM). Frequency-division multiplexing (FDM) and multiple-access (FDMA), time-division multiplexing (TDM) and multiple-access (OPMA), code-division multiplexing (CDM) and multiple-access (CDMA), orthogonal frequency-division multiple-output (MIMO) transceiver.</li> <li>Wireless standards and Internet of Things (IoT)         <ul> <li>Mobile Communication Systems, Wi-fi, Zigbee, narrow-band IoT, LoRa technology</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ol>				

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Through the lectures and tutorial sessions, students can learn basic knowledge of wireless communications.									
	Through the laboratory session, students can learn how to analyse a wireless communication system through simulation								nication	
	Through the mini-project, students can further enhance their knowledge on modern wireless systems.									
	Teaching/Learning Methodology									
		a	b	с	d	e	f	_		
	Lectures / Tutorials Laboratory	√ √	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$		_		
	Mini-project			•	√	√	$\checkmark$			
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	nt     Specific assessment     %     Intended subject learning outcome       t with     methods/tasks     weighting     (Please tick as appropriate)						comes to be assessed			
Outcomes	1. Test	25%	u		√	<u>√</u>	u	•	1	
		10%			•					
	2. Laboratory	-	√			✓	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
	2. Mini-project	25%	√		√	√				
	3. Examination	40%			•	•				
	Total	100%								
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:									
	Tests and examination let students review the taught materials, do further reading for deeper learning and apply the learnt materials to solving common communication system problems.									
	The techniques for analysing wireless communication system can be assessed through the laboratory session.									
	Mini-project requires the student to do further reading, search for information, keep abreast of current development and give presentations.									
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:									
Enort Expected	Lectures/Test						30 Hrs.			
	Laboratory						3 Hrs.			
	Presentation						6 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:									
	<ul> <li>Further reading and preparing for laboratory session, tests and examination.</li> </ul>						45 Hrs.			
	<ul> <li>Mini-project: studying and preparing presentations</li> </ul>						25 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort							109 Hrs.		
Reading List and References	<ol> <li>Andreas F. Molisch, <i>Wireless Communications</i>, Wiley – IEEE, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed., 2010.</li> <li>T. S. Rappaport, Wireless Communication: Principles and Practice, Pearson, 2001.</li> </ol>									

Last updated	July 2023
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